# **Accessories**

# **Couplings**

# **Coupling Materials and Characteristics**

OMRON provides two types of couplings for different application conditions: Resin and metal. Select the best type for the application.

As a general rule, use metal couplings for high resolution and resin couplings for low resolution. (As a rough guide, a high resolution is one that exceeds 3,600 ppr.)

Even for applications requiring relatively low resolution, a metal coupling will provide more reliability in applications involving rapid acceleration/deceleration or for Encoders with high starting torque.

#### Comparison of Specifications for 6-mm Shafts

Material Machine specification	Resin (standard type)	Metal (aluminum, helical)
Eccentricity (mm)	0.5	0.15
Eccentricity (degrees)	6	3
Deviation in shaft direction (mm)	±0.4	±0.15
Allowable torque (N·m)	0.8	1.6
Torsion rigidity (Nm/rad)	7	28
Moment of inertia (kg·m²)	1.2 × 10 <sup>-7</sup>	6 × 10 <sup>-7</sup>
Weight (g)	4	12

#### **Characteristics**

Material	Advantages	Disadvantages			
Resin (standard type)	Low cost.     Easy shaft alignment when mounting.     Lightweight and low moment of inertia, placing a smaller load on the drive system.	Low torsion rigidity and thus not suitable for high resolution.     Mounting is possible even if the shafts are greatly misaligned, which can cause damage from fatigue over long periods of application.			
Metal (aluminum, helical)	High torsion rigidity and thus suitable for high resolution.     Transmitted allowable torque is large.	High cost. Heavy and thus place a large load on the drive system. The allowable shaft misalignment is small, so accurate positioning is required when mounting.			

# **Coupling Suitability Table**

 $\odot$  : Suitable and provided with product,  $\Delta$ : Suitable and sold separately, ---: Not suitable.

Couplings	Specification		Resin, standard type				Re different e	Resin, different end diameter		Metal	
Rotary Encoder	Shaft interior (tolerance *) exterior dia.	2 dia. (Height: 8), 9 dia.	4 dia. (Height: 8), 13 dia.	6 dia. (Height: 8), 15 dia.	8 dia. (Height: 8), 19 dia.	10 dia. (Height: 8), 22 dia.	6 dia., 8 dia., (Height: 8), 19 dia.	6 dia., 10 dia., (Height: 8), 22 dia.	6 dia. (Height: 8), 19.1 dia.	10 dia. (Height: 8), 25.4 dia.	
Model/shaft dia.	Model	E69-C02B	E69-C04B	E69-C06B	E69-C08B	E69-C10B	E69-C68B	E69-C610B	E69-C06M	E69-C10M	
E6A2-C 4 dia.			0								
E6B2-C 6 dia.				0			Δ	Δ	Δ		
E6C2-C 6 dia.				Δ			Δ	Δ	Δ		
E6C3-C 8 dia.					Δ		Δ				
E6D-C 6 dia.				0			Δ	Δ	Δ		
E6F-C 10 dia.						Δ		Δ		Δ	
E6H-C Hollow shaft inter	ior dia.: 8 mm	Hollow-shaft Model; Coupling not required.									
E6J-C 2 dia.		0									
E6C-N 6 dia.				Δ			Δ	Δ	Δ		
E6CP-A 6 dia.				○ Sold separately only for E6CP- AG5C-C.			Δ	Δ	Δ		
E6C3-A 8 dia.					Δ		Δ				
E6F-A 10 dia.						O Only Pre-wired Models		Δ		Δ	
E6J-A 4 dia.			0								

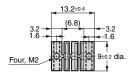
<sup>\*</sup>Tolerance conforms to JIS standard: JIS B 0401. →Refer to page 2.

(Unit: mm)

# **Coupling Dimensions**

Tolerance class IT16 applies to dimensions in this datasheet unless otherwise specified.

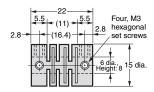
#### E69-C02B



Material: Glass-reinforced PBT

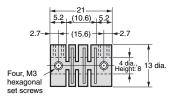
#### Applicable model: E6J-C

#### E69-C06B



Material: Glass-reinforced PBT

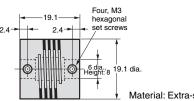
#### E69-C04B



Material: Glass-reinforced PBT

# Applicable model: E6A2-C, E6J-A

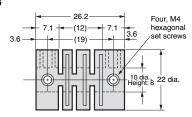
#### E69-C06M



Material: Extra-super duralumin

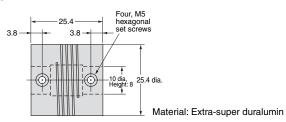
#### Applicable model: E6B2-C, E6C2-C, E6D-C, E6C-N, E6CP-A

#### E69-C10B



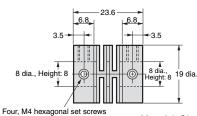
Material: Glass-reinforced PBT

#### E69-C10M



Applicable model:E6F-C, E6F-A

# E69-C08B

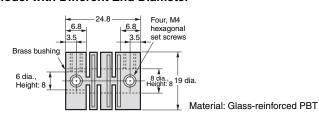


Material: Glass-reinforced PBT

Applicable model: E6C3-A, E6C3-C

# E69-C68B

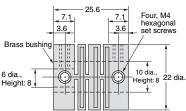
# **Model with Different End Diameter**



Applicable model: E6B2-C, E6C2-C, E6C3-C, E6D-C, E6C-N, E6CP-A, E6C3-A

# E69-C610B

# **Model with Different End Diameter**



Material: Glass-reinforced PBT

Applicable model: E6B2-C, E6C2-C, E6D-C, E6F-C, E6C-N, E6CP-A, E6F-A

Standard hole d	Tolerance (µm)			
Min.	Max.	Height: 8		
	3	+14		
	3	0		
2	6	+18		
3	0	0		
6	10	+22		
0	10	0		

# Flanges and Servo Mounting Brackets

# Flange and Servo Mounting Bracket Suitability Table

O: Suitable and provided with product,  $\Delta$ : Suitable and sold separately, ---: Not suitable.

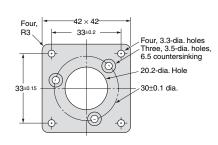
	Туре	Flange							Servo Mounting Bracket		
Rotary Encoder	Model	E69-FBA	E69-FCA	E69-FCA03	E69-FBA02	E69-FCA02	E69-FCA04	E69-1	E69-2		
Model	Remarks	E05-FBA	E09-FCA	E09-FCAUS	E69-2 Servo I	Mounting Brad	E09-1	L09-2			
E6A2-C								O Provided with the E6A2-CWZ.			
E6B2-C		Δ			Δ				Δ		
E6C2-C			Δ			Δ			Δ		
E6C3-C				Δ			Δ		Δ		
E6D-C									0		
E6F-C									Δ		
Е6Н-С		Hollow-shaft Model; Flange not required.									
E6C-N			Δ			Δ			Δ		
E6CP-A									0		
E6C3-A				Δ			Δ		Δ		
E6F-A									0		

# **Flange Dimensions**

(Unit: mm)

Tolerance class IT16 applies to dimensions in this datasheet unless otherwise specified.

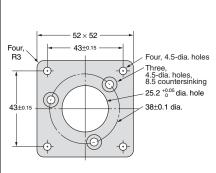
# E69-FBA



Material: SPCC Thickness: 3.2

Applicable model: E6B2-C Note: Three phillips screws M3  $\times$  6 provided

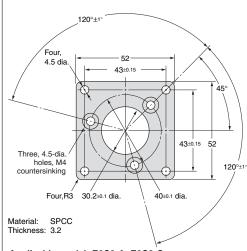
# E69-FCA



Material: Thickness: 3.2

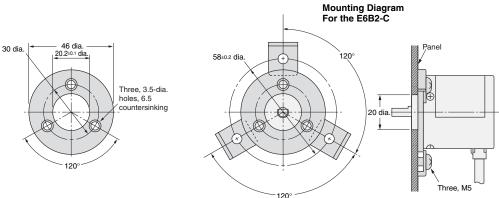
Applicable model: E6C2-C, E6C-N Note: Three phillips screws M4 × 8 provided

# E69-FCA03



Applicable model: E6C3-A, E6C3-C Note: Three phillips screws M4  $\times$  8 provided

# E69-FBA02



Applicable model: E6B2-C

Material: SPCC Thickness: 3.2

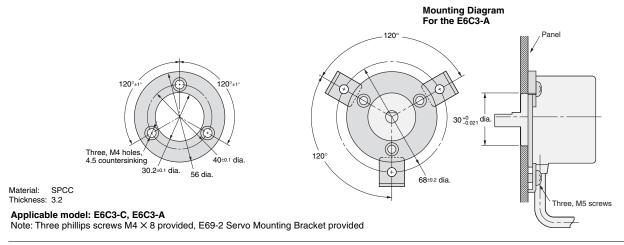
Note: Three phillips screws M3 × 10 provided, E69-2 Servo Mounting Bracket provided

# E69-FCA02 Mounting Diagram For the E6C2-C Panel Three, 5.5-da, holes, 8.5 countersinking Mounting Diagram For the E6C2-N Mounting Diagram For the E6C-N Panel Mounting Diagram For the E6C-N Panel Three, M5 Mounting Diagram For the E6C-N Panel Three, M5 Three, M5 Three, M5 Three, M5

# E69-FCA04

Applicable model: E6C2-C, E6C-N

Note: Three phillips screws M4  $\times$  10 provided, E69-2 Servo Mounting Bracket provided



# **Servo Mounting Bracket Dimensions**

(Unit: mm)

Tolerance class IT16 applies to dimensions in this datasheet unless otherwise specified.

